MILFORD SCHOOL
Termly Expectations
EYFS - Year 2

| Milford School Termly Expectations - Early Years |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Reading | Writing | Numbers |
| 気 | Hears and says all sounds in cvc words <br> Secure with key words up to set 5 <br> Continues a rhyming string <br> Name half the letters of the alphabet <br> Secure at Phase 2 letters and sounds | Can write name <br> Writes initial sounds of words <br> Ascribe meaning to marks <br> Holds pencil static tripod ( $3^{\text {rd }}$ stage) | Count objects and actions to at least 10 <br> Count back from 10 to 0 <br> Recognise numerals 0-10 <br> Uses language more and fewer to compare <br> One more and one less with numbers 1-9 <br> Can find the total of two groups by counting all of them <br> Record using marks <br> Solve problems by sharing |
|  | Can blend sounds in cvc words <br> Secure with key words to set 12 <br> Can name all letters of the alphabet <br> Know that information can be retrieved from books | Link sounds to letters as they write simple cve words <br> Write independently during play <br> Write labels and captions | In practical activities use language involved in adding and subtracting <br> Write the numbers 0-10 <br> Count back from 20-0 <br> Solve problems by doubling |


|  | Secure with Phase 3 | Use phonic knowledge to write words in ways that <br> match their spoken sound <br> Can decode regular words using their phonic | Count reliably to 20 <br> Write simple sentences which can be read by <br> themselves and others |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Read and understand simple sentences |  |  |  |$\quad$ Write some irregular common words | Order numbers from 0-20 |
| :--- |


| End of Autumn term expectations for English - Year 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Writing <br> By the end of Year 1 we aim for your child to be a creative writer who can write a series of sentences independently. | Reading <br> By the end of Year 1 we aim for your child to enjoy reading, read simple texts independently and be able to discuss what they have read. |
| Vocabulary, Grammar and punctuation. (Organisation and purpose) <br> - Leave spaces between words. <br> - Recognise full stops and capital letters. <br> - Use full stops and capital letters in writing. <br> - Use topic related words. <br> A GDEFGIJ KLM OPERS UVWXYZ <br> Composition <br> - Compose sentences orally before writing them. <br> - Use a sentence structure by chaining clauses together. <br> - Use adjectives to make work more interesting (Blue sky, sparkly diamond). <br> - Produce ideas related to a range of high quality texts. <br> Transcription (Spelling and Handwriting) <br> - Begin to correctly spell high frequency words. <br> - Segment and spell words containing adjacent consonants. (e.g boost, burnt). <br> - Write letters using the correct sequence of movements. <br> - Most letters are clearly shaped. <br> - Most letters are correctly orientated. | Word reading <br> - Recall phoneme/grapheme correspondences. (Sound /letter). <br> - Read common words by sight e.g. their, called, asked, could etc. <br> - Recognise common graphemes and common alternative pronunciations. <br> - Read phonically decodable two and three syllable words <br> - Begin to read with phrasing and fluency to support meaning. <br> Comprehension <br> - Understand and use the correct terms when sharing a text; book, cover, beginning, end, page, word, letter, line. <br> - Recall the main points in a shared text. <br> - Use story structure when retelling a story. <br> - Listen to familiar texts and identify likes and dislikes. <br> - Read non-fiction texts and identify the differences between fiction and non-fiction. |

# End of Spring term expectations for English - Year 1 

## Writing

By the end of Year 1 your child is expected to be a creative writer who can write a series of sentences independently.

## Vocabulary, Grammar and punctuation. (Organisation and purpose)

- Use adjectives to make work more interesting (Blue sky, sparkly diamond).
- Introduce prepositions (inside, outside, towards, across, under).
- Use question marks.
- Use 'and' to link ideas.
- Choose appropriate vocabulary linked to subject matter.
- Use capital letters for common nouns.


## Composition

- Write meaningful words and phrases expressing ideas.
- Start to use story openers (Once upon a time, one sunny day).
- Have some indication of purpose e.g. message, story, label.
- Story writing follows a simple structure. (3 part beginning, middle and end).


## Transcription (Spelling and Handwriting)

- Write the correct grapheme for a given sound.
- Use diagraphs, trigraphs and split diagraphs when spelling new words. (ai, igh, a-e)
- Spell the days of the week.
- Begin to add -ed,-ing,-er, - est independently.
- Use the prefix 'un' ( unhappy, unpack)



## Reading

By the end of Year 1 it is expected that your child will enjoy reading, read simple texts independently and be able to discuss what they have read.

## Word reading

- Read words with contractions e.g. I'm or we'll
- Read words with simple suffixes such as ' $s$ ', 'es' and 'ing' e.g. fish, fishes and fishing
- Recognise punctuation when reading. (Capital letters, full stops, question marks, exclamation marks).
- Self-correct inaccurate reading.


## Comprehension

WORD PARTS ARE
LIKE PARTS OF A PUZZLE!


- Select a book for personal reading and explain choice.
- Recall information from the text and highlight parts that are of interest.
- Compare stories and make predictions (e.g. What usually happens to the bad characters?).
- Answer basic questions about a text (Who? What? Where? How?).
- Recognise how the text is organised. (Front cover, contents page).



## End of Summer term expectations for English - Year 1

## Writing

By the end of Year 1 your child is expected to be a creative writer who can write a series of sentences independently.

## Vocabulary, Grammar and punctuation. (Organisation and purpose)

- Write sentences with clear spaces between words
- Join ideas together using words such as and, but, with, so etc
- Begin to punctuate sentences using:
- Capital letters
- Full stops
- Questions marks
- Exclamation marks
- Use capital letters for names and I.
- Read what they have written and check that it makes sense


## Composition

- Write a sequence of sentences to form a short story
- Write a sequence of informative sentences to present facts

Transcription (Spelling and Handwriting)

- Name all letters of the alphabet.
- Use knowledge of sound letter links to write words.
- Spell all days of the week.
- Spell key words such as was, you, are etc.
- Use simple suffixes including 'ing', 'ed' and 'er'
e.g. playing, played and player.
- Use regular plural such as ' $s$ ' and 'es.'
e.g. dog, dogs or wish, wishes.
- Use the prefix 'un'
- e.g. unkind, untie etc.
- Correctly form all lower case letters using cursive script (starting and finishing in the right place).
- Correctly form all capital letters.


## Reading

By the end of Year 1 it is expected that your child will enjoy reading, read simple texts independently and be able to discuss what they have read.

## Word reading

- Quickly recall phoneme grapheme correspondences (sound letter links).
- Use knowledge of phonics (sound letter links) to read unknown words.
- Read common words by sight e.g. their, called, asked, could etc.
- Read words with contractions e.g. I'm or we'll.
- Read words with simple suffixes such as 's', 'es' and 'ing' e.g. fish, fishes and fishing.
- Read simple texts with confidence and fluency.
- Recognise capital letters, full stops, question marks, exclamation marks and ellipsis (....).
- Begin to use punctuation cues to aid pace and intonation e.g. pauses at full stops, use voices for speaking characters.
- Re-read if reading does not make sense and self-correct.


## Comprehension

- Enjoy reading
- Know the difference between fiction and non-fiction text.
- Discuss poems, stories and non-fiction texts and explain their understanding of them.
- Relate reading to their own experiences.
- Retell familiar stories e.g. fairy tales or a series of events.
- Identify and join in with predictable or repetitive phrases.
- Talk about simple word meanings.
- Make simple inferences on the basis of what has been said or done.
e.g. 'What does this tell us about the character?".

- Predict what might happen on the basis on what has been read.
e.g. "What might the story be about and what makes you think that?".


## End of Autumn term expectations for Maths - Year 1

| Number |
| :--- |
| Number and place value |
| - Say numbers up to 20, both forwards and backwards from any given number |

- Say numbers up to 20 , both forwards and backwards from any given number
- Say a number 1 more or less for numbers up to at least 20
- Represent numbers up to at least 20 using objects and pictorial aids such as a number line
- Count, read and write numbers up to 20
- Read and write numbers in words from 0 to 5
- Count in multiples of $2 s$ up to 20
- Understand the language of equal to, more than, less than, fewer, most and least


## Addition and subtraction

- Read number sentences that use,+- and $=$
- Be able to derive bonds and subtraction facts to at least 10
- Add and subtract single digit numbers
- Solve simple addition and subtraction using objects or pictorial aids


## Multiplication and division

## Fractions

- Identify, name and find a half of an object or shape


## Measurement

- Directly compare length, height and use language such as long, longer, longest etc.
- Measure and begin to record lengths and heights using non-standard units
- Sequence events in chronological order using appropriate language (e.g. morning, afternoon, evening)
- Recognise and use language relating to days of the week and years
- Tell o'clock time
- Know the values of coins less up to at least 10 pence


## Geometry

Properties of Shape

- Recognise and name common 2d and 3d shapes

Position and Direction

- Follow and give instructions involving position, direction and movement
- Distinguish between left and right


## End of Spring term expectations for Maths - Year 1

| Number |
| :--- |
| Number and place value |
| • $\quad$ Say numbers up to 50, both forwards and backwards from any given |
| $\quad$ number |
| - $\quad$ Say a number 1 more or less for numbers up to at least 50 |
| - Represent numbers up to at least 50 using objects and pictorial aids such as |
| $\quad$ a number line |

## Measurement

- Compare mass/weight and capacity using language such as heavy, light, full, empty etc.
- Measure and begin to record mass/weight, capacity and volume
- Sequence events in chronological order using appropriate language (e.g. first, next, then)
- Recognise and use language relating to months
- Tell o'clock and half past times
- Know the value of coins up to at least $£ 2.00$
- Count, read and write numbers up to 50
- Read and write numbers in words from 0 to 12
- Count in multiples of 2 s and 10 s
- Begin to use the language of equal to, more than, less than, fewer, most and least


## Addition and subtraction

- Read and begin to write number sentences that use + , - and =
- Begin to use bonds and subtraction facts up to at least 10 and derive bonds and subtraction facts to 20
- Add and subtract numbers up to 20 e.g. a single digit from a 2 digit less than 20
- Solve simple addition, subtraction and missing number problems (e.g. $11=$ 9) using objects or pictorial aids


## Multiplication and division

- Represent multiplication and division using objects, pictorial aids and arrays
$5+5+5=15$
$3 \times 5=15$
30000
00000
00000


## Fractions

- Identify, name and find a half of an object shape or quantity
- Identify, name and find a quarter of an object or shape


## End of term expectations for Maths - Year 1 Summer Term

## Number <br> Number and place value

- Say numbers up to 100 , both forwards and backwards from any given number
- Say a number 1 more or less and 10 more or less
- Represent numbers using objects and pictorial aids such as a number line
- Count, read and write numbers to 100
- Read and write numbers in words from 0 to 20
- Count in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s
e.g. $2,4,6,8$ and so on
- Understand and use the language of equal to, more than, less than, fewer, most and least


## Addition and subtraction

- Read and write number sentences that use,+ - and =
- Use bonds and subtraction facts to 20
e.g. $20+0=20,19+1=20,18+2=20$ or $20-7=13,20-6=14$
- Add and subtract numbers up to 20
- $\quad$ Solve simple addition, subtraction and missing number problems (e.g. $11=\square$ 9) using objects or pictorial aids


## Multiplication and division

- Solve simple multiplication and division problems using objects, pictorial aids and arrays e.g. There were 2 elephants, they both ate 6 bananas. How many bananas were eaten altogether?


## Fractions

- Identify, name and find a half or quarter of an object, shape or quantity


## Measurement

- Compare length, height, mass/weight and capacity using language such as long, longer, longest, heavy, light, full, empty etc.
- Measure and begin to record lengths, heights, mass/weight, time, capacity and volume
- Sequence events in chronological order using appropriate language (e.g. first, next, then or morning, afternoon, evening or yesterday, tomorrow)
- Recognise and use language relating to days of the week, months and years
- Tell o'clock and half past times
- Know the value of coins and notes


## Geometry

## Properties of Shape

- Recognise and name common 2d and 3d shapes 2d shapes such as rectangles and circles
$3 d$ shapes such as cuboids, pyramids and spheres


## Position and Direction

- Describe position, direction and movement e.g. whole, half and quarter turns


## End of Autumn term expectations for English - Year 2

## Writing

By the end of Year 2 your child is expected to be a confident independent writer, who is able to write at length for a range of purposes.

## Vocabulary, Grammar and punctuation. (Organisation and purpose)

- Various types of sentence can be written e.g. statement, question and command.
- Writing will use expanded noun phrases to add description (e.g. the dark spooky woods)
- A wider range of punctuation will be used correctly. (Full stops, capital letters, question marks, exclamation marks).


## Composition

consonant

- A narrative with some detail of character, setting and plot can be created
- Simple additions and corrections are able to be made to a narrative to make it even better.


## Transcription (Spelling and Handwriting)

- Common phonically decodable two and three syllable words are able to be spelt correctly.
- Handwriting shows that upper and lower case letters not mixed within words.
- Use simple suffixes including 'ing', 'ed' and 'er' e.g. playing, played and player.
- Use regular plural such as ' $s$ ' and 'es.' e.g. dog, dogs or wish, wishes.
- Correctly form all lower case letters using cursive script.


## Reading

By the end of Year 2 it is expected that your child will read fluently and independently.
They will be able to answer key questions about what they have read.

## Word reading

- Use phonemes to help read unfamiliar texts (digraphs, trigraphs and split diagraphs)
- Reading is accurate by blending the sounds in words that contain the common graphemes and alternative sounds for graphemes.
- Expression is used when reading.
- A wider range of tricky words can be read



## Comprehension

- Comments on plot, setting and characters in familiar and
 unfamiliar stories are able to be made
- Events within a book can be understood and sequenced
- Greater independence is shown when predicting what may happen next within a story.
- Relate content to own experience and knowledge
- Identify and discuss how texts are organised.
- Begin to identify a range of punctuation.



## End of Spring term expectations for English - Year 2

## Writing

By the end of Year 2 your child is expected to be a confident independent writer, who is able to write at length for a range of purposes.

## Vocabulary, Grammar and punctuation. (Organisation and purpose)

- Use a wide range of sentence openings.
- Understand adverbs and using them in various forms of writing.
- Write using subordination (when, if, that, because) to join sentences together.
- Use past and present tense.
- Use varied and interesting vocabulary. (adjectives, alliteration, similes)
- Use story language. (e.g. suddenly)


## Composition

- Recognise character features and describe a character with simple detail.
- Show clear links in writing between events and ideas
- Show personal viewpoint by comments or questions about events.


## Transcription (Spelling and Handwriting)

- Common exception ("tricky") words spelt accurately
- Add suffixes to nouns (e.g. add -er, -est; plurals - es, - changing y to ies)
- Spell the days of the week and months of the year are accurately (including use of capital letters)


## Reading

By the end of Year 2 it is expected that your child will read fluently and independently.
They will be able to answer key questions about what they have read.

## Word reading

- Read a wider range of high frequency words
- Read with phrasing and fluency, taking note of punctuation to keep track of longer sentences.
- Apply knowledge of graphemes with alternative pronunciations when reading texts.
- Self-correct when reading does not make sense.



## Comprehension

- Show an understanding of text by commenting on main events and characters.
- Locate key vocabulary and specific information in the text to answer questions.
- Use contents and index to help retrieve information.
- Make predictions by using experience of reading a range of texts.
- Use a range of clues from the text to express simple opinions.


## End of Summer term expectations for English - Year 2

## Writing

By the end of Year 2 your child is expected to be a confident independent writer, who is able to write at length for a range of purposes.

## Vocabulary, Grammar and punctuation. (Organisation and purpose)

- Write different kinds of sentence: statement, question, exclamation, command.
- Use expanded noun phrases to add description and specification. (e.g. the dark spooky woods
- Use a wider range of sentence openings (e.g. adverbs)
- Write using subordination (when, if, that, because).
- Use and understand present tense and past tense
- Consistent use of a wider range of punctuation: capita letters, full stops, questions marks, exclamation marks and commas in a list.


## Composition

- Create a narrative with some detail of character, setting and plot.
- Use organisational features of non-fiction text (titles, sub headings, illustrations and captions)
- Express their own viewpoint by simple comments or actions.
- Make simple additions and corrections to their writing.


## Transcription (Spelling and Handwriting

- Accurately spell common phonically decodable two and three syllable words
- Add suffixes to nouns (e.g. add -er, -est; plurals - es, - changing y to ies)
- Common exception ("tricky") words spelt accurately
- Correctly use an apostrophe for omission of letters (wasn't didn't it's).
- Spell the days of the week and months of the year are accurately (including use of capital letters)
- Clear letter formation, with ascenders and descenders distinguished,
- Upper and lower case letters not mixed within words


## Reading

By the end of Year 2 it is expected that your child will read fluently and independently.
They will be able to answer key questions about what they have read.

## Word reading

- Read at a fluent pace, taking note of punctuation.
- Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the common graphemes and alternative sounds for graphemes
- Use expression when reading.
- Read accurately more complex words of two or more syllables (e.g. downstream, hideaway, comfortable)
- Read a wider range of exception (tricky) words
- Read words containing common suffixes.
- Check the text makes sense and self-correct inaccurate reading


## Comprehension



- Comment on plot, setting and characters in familiar and unfamiliar stories.
- Discuss the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.
- Demonstrate understanding by sequencing events in books
- Look through a variety of books with growing independence to predict story development
- Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- Identify words and phrases chosen for effect on the reader
- Discuss their favourite words and phrases
- Recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry
- Locate key vocabulary and information in fiction texts to find answers to simple question
- Find information in non-fiction, making full use of non-fiction layout



## End of Autumn term expectations for Maths - Year 2

## Number

Number and place value

- Begin to understand the place value of each digit, use this to order numbers to at least 100
- Recognise sequences of number including odd and even numbers and continue a number sequence that increases or decreases in regular steps
- Count sets of objects reliably including grouping objects in $10 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{~s}$ and 5 s

Addition and subtraction

- Recognise subtraction is the inverse of addition
- Begin to understand subtraction as 'difference' and use a number line to record
- Know by heart all addition and subtraction facts for each number to 10
- Use mental calculation strategies to solve simple problems using addition and subtraction involving money and measures
- Identify doubles and halves of numbers up to 20
- Recognise coins to 50 p and choose coins to make amounts up to 50 p
- Use the symbols + - and = to record number sentences

Multiplication and division

- Begin to understand the operation of multiplication as repeated addition

- Begin to understand division as repeated subtraction or sharing


## Fractions

- Begin to use halves and quarters in practical situations e.g. sharing sweets between four and getting a quarter each
- Relate the concept of half of a small quantity to the concept of half of a shape e.g. shade one half or one quarter of a



## Measurement

- Begin to use standard units to measure and compare quantities and objects
- Tell the time using hours, half-hour and quarter-hours



## Geometry

## Properties of Shape

- Identify 2D and 3D shapes from pictures
- Make and talk about shapes referring to features and properties, such as edges, faces etc.

- Sort 2D and 3D shapes according to a single criterion


## Position and Direction

- Follow and give instructions involving position, direction and movement
- Distinguish between left and right


## Statistics

- Understand vocabulary relating to handling data, such as sort, group, set, list, table, most common, most popular
- Organise and classify data using simple lists and tables
- Enter data on to a simple computer database
- Communicate their findings, using simple lists, tables, pictograms and block graphs

- Respond to questions about the data they have presented


## End of Spring term expectations for Maths - Year 2

## Number

Number and place value

- Count, read, write and order accurately to at least 100
- Explain what each digit represents in any 2 digit number
- Describe and extend simple number sequences (including odd and even numbers)

Addition and subtraction

- Use place value to derive facts such as $30+70=100$
- Know by heart facts for the $2 x$ and $10 x$ tables
- Use mental strategies to solve simple problems using $+/$-, doubling and halving, explaining methods and reasoning orally
- Add or subtract mentally a multiple of 10 to/from a 2 digit number
- Choose the appropriate operation when solving addition and subtraction problems
- Recognise all coins and choose coins to make amounts up to $£ 1$
- Recognise equivalent amounts of money
- Record mental calculations as number sentences using $+-\mathrm{x} \div$ and $=$ symbols


## Multiplication and division

- Understand the operation of multiplication as repeated addition
- Begin to see multiplication as an array and represent on a number line
$5+5+5=$
15
$3 \times 5=15$
00000
00000


00000

- Understand division as repeated subtraction or sharing
- Understand halving as a way of 'undoing' doubling


## Fractions

- Begin to understand and use unit fractions such as $1 / 21 / 41 / 3$ of shapes


## Measurement

- Begin to make sensible estimates in relation to familiar units
- Read scales to the nearest labelled division

- Order events using a timeline


## Geometry

## Properties of Shape

- Recognise right angles in 2D shapes
- Understand that the properties of shapes remain the same regardless of size and orientation



## Position and Direction

- Recognise and explain that a shape stays the same even when it is held up in different orientations


## Statistics

- Collect and sort data to test a simple hypothesis
- Sort objects and classify them using more than one criterion


|  | Shapes with curved <br> lines | shapes with <br> straight tines |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pink shapes |  |  |
| Blue shapes |  |  |

- Interpret data presented in simple lists, tables, pictograms or block graphs
- Pose questions for others about their data


## Number

## Number and place value

- Count in steps of 2,3 and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, forward and backward
- Recognise the place-value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens and ones)
- Compare and order numbers from 0 to 100 ; use $<$, $>$ and $=$ signs
- Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals and words
- Use place value and number facts to solve problems


## Addition and subtraction

- Solve problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects, pictures and mentally with up to two 2-digit numbers and 3 1-digit numbers
- Apply mental and written methods
- Recall addition and subtraction number facts to 20 and use related facts to 100
- Know that addition can be done in any order and that subtraction cannot
- Recognise the inverse of addition and subtraction problems and use to check calculations and solve missing number problems e.g. 14-6=8 check using $8+6=14,2 \square=5$, check using $2 \square \square=$


## Multiplication and division

- Recognise odd/even numbers
- Recall multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 times tables
- Record using $\mathrm{x}, \div$ and $=$ signs
- Know that multiplication can be done in any order but that division cannot
- Solve problems using materials, repeated addition, arrays and mental methods, including in problems in contexts


## Fractions



- Recognise, find, name and write fractions $1 / 4,2 / 4,3 / 4$ and $1 / 3$ of a length, shape or number

- Write simple fractions, e.g. $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and to recognise equivalence of $1 / 2$ and $2 / 4$


## Measurement

- Choose and use appropriate standard units; $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}, \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{ml}$ and ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Compare and order length, mass, volume/capacity and record results >, < and =
- Recognise and use symbols pounds ( $£$ ) and pence ( $p$ ) and combine amounts to make a particular value
- Find different combinations of coins to make the same amount
- Solve simple problems involving adding and subtracting money in a practical context, including giving change
- Compare and sequence intervals of time
- Tell the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to and draw hands on a clock to show these
- Know the number of minutes in an hour and hours in a day



## Geometry

Properties of Shape

- Identify and describe the properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes, including number of sides, vertices (corners) and faces
- Find a line of symmetry on a 2-D shape

- Compare and sort 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects


## Position and Direction

- Order and arrange objects in patterns and sequences
- Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including in a straight line and rotation as turn in term of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)


## Statistics

- Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables

- Ask and answer questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity
- Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing data

